

PART 4 – RULES OF PROCEDURE

COMMITTEE MEETING PROCEDURE RULES

1 ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMITTEES AND ALLOCATION OF SEATS

1.1 Establishment

The establishment, terms of reference and allocation of seats of Committees will be determined by the Council in accordance with the Council Meeting Procedure Rules.

1.2 Chair and Deputy Chair

The chair and where the terms of reference allow, the deputy chair, of each committee shall be elected by the Council in accordance with the Council Procedure Rules.

1.3 Period of Office

The period of office of the chair, deputy chair and members of committee will continue until the first meeting following the Annual Meeting of the Council in any year when no Council elections are held. In a year when Council elections are held the period of office will end on the day of the election.

1.4 Substitute Members

Substitute members may be appointed, in accordance with the Appointment of Substitute Members Procedure Rule, to take the place of a Committee Member who is unable to attend the meeting. A substitute member must speak and vote in his or her own capacity, and is under the same obligations as any other Member in respect of declaring personal interests and complying with the Members' Code of Conduct and all relevant procedure rules.

2 ORDINARY MEETINGS

Ordinary meetings of each Committee will take place in accordance with a programme decided at the Council's Annual Meeting. Ordinary meetings of Committees will (as may be appropriate):-

- (a) elect a person to preside if the chair and deputy chair are not present;
- (b) approve the minutes of the last meeting;
- (c) receive any petitions and where these Procedure Rules allow hear the address on behalf of any petitioners and any response;
- (d) receive any announcements from the chair;
- (e) deal with any business from the last meeting of the committee;
- (f) receive reports from the Cabinet and from any of the other committees and advice reports from employees of the Council;

- (g) ~~to~~ put questions to the chair or relevant employees of the Council where appropriate on items of business before the committee and ~~to~~ receive responses;
- (h) consider requests from members of the committee for items of business to be considered;
- (i) consider any other business specified in the agenda of the meeting; and
- (j) such other matter or matters which the chair has certified as being urgent.

3 EXTRAORDINARY MEETINGS

3.1 Calling extraordinary meetings

- (a) Those listed below may request the proper officer to call a meeting of the committee in addition to ordinary meetings:-
 - (i) the Council by resolution;
 - (ii) the chair of the committee;
 - (iii) the ~~Head of Paid Service~~ Chief Executive;
 - (iv) the Monitoring Officer; and
 - (v) one half of the membership of the committee if they have signed a requisition and presented it to the proper officer.
- (b) Any request presented in accordance with this Rule must be in writing, specify the business to be transacted at the meeting and be accompanied by a copy of any report of the meeting.

3.2 Business

Any meeting called in addition to ordinary meetings pursuant to Rule 3.1 will:-

- (a) elect any person to preside if the chair and deputy chair are not present;
- (b) consider the item or items of business specified in the request; and
- (c) such other matter or matters which the chair has certified as being urgent.

4 TIME AND PLACE OF MEETINGS

(a) The time and place of meetings will be determined by the proper officer and notified in the agenda.

(aa) The place of a meeting shall include provision enabling meetings to be attended remotely by persons who are not in the same physical place, in accordance with the Council's Multi-Location Meetings Policy.

5 NOTICE OF AND AGENDA TO MEETINGS

The proper officer will give notice to the public of the time and place of any meeting in accordance with the Access to Information Procedure Rules. At least three clear days before a meeting, the proper officer will send a summons (notice of meeting) signed by him or her by post to every member of the committee or leave it at their usual place of residence or at a place nominated

by the member. The agenda will give the date, time and place of each meeting, including details of how the meeting may be accessed remotely by persons who are not in the same physical place, and specify the business to be transacted, and will be accompanied by such reports as are available.

6 CHAIR OF MEETING

6.1 Chair of the meeting

The chair of the committee will chair a meeting of the committee and in his or her absence the meeting will be chaired by the deputy chair of the committee (if any). In the absence of the chair and the deputy chair of the committee, the committee will choose a chair to chair the committee. The person presiding at the meeting may exercise any power or duty of the chair.

6.2 Conduct of the meeting by the chair

The chair shall conduct the meeting to secure a proper, full and effective debate of business items particularly where a decision is required. The steps the chair may take include:-

- (a) allowing more time for the speaker to properly explain the matter;
- (b) permitting a member to speak more than once;
- (c) allowing employees of the Council to advise the meeting as appropriate;
- (d) allowing a full discussion of reports and matters for decision.

7 QUORUM

The quorum of a meeting will be one quarter of the whole number of members (rounded up to the nearest whole number). If fewer than the quorum attend the meeting or if during any meeting the chair counts the number of members present and declares there is not a quorum present, then the meeting will adjourn immediately. Remaining business will be considered at a time and date fixed by the chair. If he/she does not fix a date, the remaining business will be considered at the next ordinary meeting.

8 MOTIONS WHICH MAY BE CONSIDERED

The following motions may be moved provided that they relate to an item of business on the agenda, concern a matter within the terms of reference of the committee and will not purport to exceed the powers delegated to the committee:-

- (a) to appoint a chair of the meeting;
- (b) in relation to the accuracy of the minutes;
- (c) to change the order of business in the agenda;
- (d) to refer something to an appropriate Committee, body or individual for consideration or reconsideration;
- (e) to appoint a sub committee of the committee arising from an item on the agenda for the meeting subject to statutory constraints;

- (f) to receive reports and/or to adopt recommendations of committees or officers;
- (g) to receive reports and/or to adopt recommendations of the Cabinet;
- (h) to delegate powers to an officer of the Council or a sub-committee subject to the constraints in this Constitution and of law.
- (i) to propose a resolution which differs from that recommended in a report;
- (j) to proceed to the next business;
- (k) that the question be now put;
- (l) to adjourn a debate;
- (m) to adjourn a meeting;
- (n) to exclude the public and press in accordance with the Access to Information Procedure Rules; and
- (o) to not hear further a member named under Rule 15.3 or to exclude him or her from the meeting under Rule 15.

9 RULES OF DEBATE

9.1 Content of speeches/debate

Speeches, discussion and questions must be directed to the matter under discussion or to a personal explanation or point of order. The period allowed for any speech and the number of times a member may be allowed to speak will be determined by the chair subject to the obligation on him or her under Rule 69.2.

9.2 Point of order

A member may raise a point of order at any time. The chair will hear them immediately. A point of order may only relate to an alleged breach of these Committee Meeting Procedure Rules or the law. The member must indicate the rule or law and the way in which he/she considers it has been broken. The ruling of the chair on the matter will be final.

9.3 Personal explanation

A member may make a personal explanation at any time. A personal explanation may only relate to some material part of an earlier speech or comment by the member which may appear to have been misunderstood in the present debate. The ruling of the chair on the admissibility of a personal explanation will be final.

9.4 Declarations of interest

A member may at any time declare a personal interest under the Code of Conduct and when a member ~~stands indicates to the Chair that he/she wishes~~ to make a declaration he/she shall be heard immediately and shall be allowed to make the declaration without interruption.

10 PREVIOUS DECISIONS AND MOTIONS

10.1 **Motion to rescind a previous decision**

A motion or amendment to rescind a decision made at a meeting of the committee within the past six months cannot be moved unless a motion approving the rescission has been passed at a meeting of the full Council.

10.2 **Motion similar to one previously rejected**

A motion or amendment in similar terms to one that has been rejected at a meeting of the committee in the past six months cannot be moved unless a motion approving the rescission has been passed at a meeting of the full Council.

11 **VOTING**

11.1 **Majority**

Unless this Constitution or the law provides otherwise, any matter will be decided by a simple majority of those members voting and present ~~in the room~~ at the time the question was put.

11.2 **Chair's casting vote**

Subject to Rule 11.4 if there are equal numbers of votes for and against, the chair will have a second or casting vote. There will be no restriction on how the chair chooses to exercise a casting vote.

11.3 **Show of hands/Electronic Voting**

The chair will take the vote by show of hands or by use of an electronic voting system if available, whichever the chair decides, or if there is no dissent, by the affirmation of the meeting.

11.4 **Voting on employee appointments**

(a) In the event of there being more than two candidates for an appointment and no candidate receives the required majority on the first vote, the candidate with the least number of votes will be eliminated and a further vote will be taken. This procedure will be repeated until a candidate receives the required majority. If more than one candidate has the same number of votes and that is the lowest number of votes cast, a vote will be taken to decide the candidate to be eliminated from future votes. In the event of an equal number of votes being cast at this stage, the chair will have a casting vote.

(b) The chair will have a casting vote only in the circumstances mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

11.5 **Right to require individual vote to be recorded**

Where any member requests it immediately after the vote is taken, their vote will be so recorded in the minutes to show whether they voted for or against the motion or abstained from voting.

12 MINUTES

12.1 Signing the minutes

The chair will sign the minutes of the proceedings of the committee at the next suitable meeting. The chair will move that the minutes of the previous meeting be signed as a correct record. The only part of the minutes that can be discussed is their accuracy.

12.2 Form of minutes

Minutes will contain all motions and amendments in the exact form and order the chair put them but otherwise the form of the minutes will be a matter for the proper officer.

13 ~~RECORD OF ATTENDANCE~~

(a) Members will be regarded as present at a meeting where they attend that meeting either physically at the place specified on the meeting agenda or by remote means, which enables persons who are not in the same place to speak to and be heard by each other.

(b) All Councillors present during the whole or part of a physical meeting must accurately record their attendance on the record of attendance provided for that purpose.

(c) Any Members attending the meeting remotely will have their attendance recorded electronically via the meeting software, and must leave the meeting if they will not be present for any extended period of time during the meeting.

14. MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC

14.1 Exclusion of members of the public

Members of the public and press may only be excluded either in accordance with the Access to Information Procedure Rules or Rule 16 (Disturbance by Public).

14.2 **Right of Petitioners to address committee**

(a) Subject to compliance with the Council's Petition Scheme and this Rule 14.2, When a Petition (including an electronic petition) contains signatures of submitted, with signatories numbering not less than fifty Cardiff electors with their addresses, a substantial proportion of whom could

reasonably be expected to be affected by the matter to which the Ppetition relates, one person from amongst those signing the petition ('the Lead Petitioner') may address a committee to which the Ppetition has been referred on the subject matter of the Ppetition for up to three minutes.

(b) In any case where the petitioners object to an application which is to be considered by ~~the Planning Committee~~ or the Licensing Committee or the Public Protection Committee, the applicant will also be given an opportunity to be heard.

(c) Any Petition to be presented to a Committee must be submitted to the Head of Democratic Services either by email, post or hand delivery, in accordance with the Petition Scheme, by 5.00pm, 7 working days before date of the Committee meeting at which it is to be presented, and must include:

- i. The name and contact details for the Lead Petitioner;
- ii. The subject matter and specific request of the Petition;
- iii. The name and postal address (including postcode) of each Petition signatory;
- iv. The reference number of any application to which the Petition may relate; and
- v. The total number of signatories to the Petition.

~~(e)~~(d) Each and every signatory to the Petition, including the Lead Petitioner, must be an individual who lives, works or studies within the City and County of Cardiff.

(e) The receipt of a Petition will be acknowledged by the Head of Democratic Services within 5 working days. Provided the Petition meets all criteria set under this Rule 14.2 and the Petition Scheme, the Lead Petitioner will be invited to present the Petition at the Committee meeting and the applicant (if any) will be notified and invited to attend the Committee if the applicant so wishes.

~~(d)~~ Any petition presented direct to a committee shall be delivered to the relevant Chief Officer at least seven clear days prior to the date of the meeting of the committee at which it is to be presented, to enable the applicant to be notified if appropriate and to be present at the meeting of the committee if the applicant so wishes.

(f) In the event that more than one Petition is received, which meets all criteria set under this Rule 14.2 and the Petition Scheme, in relation to the same application or a similar subject matter and seeking a similar outcome, only one Lead Petitioner will be permitted to present the Petition to Committee. Democratic Services officers will notify each Lead Petitioner and ask them to liaise with each other to consider amalgamating the Petitions and agree which Lead Petitioner will present the Petition to Committee. In the absence of such agreement, the responsible Chief Officer, in consultation with the Chair of the Committee, may determine at his/her discretion how many petitioners should be afforded speaking rights in order to secure a proper, full and effective debate, having regard to the subject matter and relevant issues to which the Petitions relate.

~~(e)~~
~~(f)~~(g) When a petitioner has been heard by a committee under this Committee Meeting Procedure Rule no further Ppetition on the same item and seeking a similar outcome shall be considered and no further address shall be heard on that item, within six months of the committee meeting at which the Ppetition was first considered or the petitioner heard.

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~~(e)~~(h) A petition comprised of less than 50 signatories or which does not meet all criteria set under this Rule 14.2 and the Petition Scheme shall be granted no speaking rights at Committee. However, a response to any relevant issues will be provided with the Committee report or as part of the late representations to Committee, and such report will be available for public inspection on the Council's website in accordance with the Access to Information Procedure Rules.

Commented [AK1]: Amended to reflect revised draft Petition Scheme

15 MEMBERS' CONDUCT

15.1 Members wishing to speak

When a member speaks at a committee he or she must address the meeting through the chair. If more than one member speaks, the chair will ask one to speak and the others must remain silent until invited to speak unless he or she wishes to make a point of order or a point of personal explanation or to declare an interest.

15.2 Chair seeking order

When the chair asks for order the meeting must be silent.

15.3 Member not to be heard further

If a member persistently disregards the ruling of the chair by behaving improperly or offensively or deliberately obstructs business, the chair may move that the member be not heard further. If seconded, the motion will be voted on without discussion. If the motion is passed the named member may not discuss or debate any further business whilst it is transacted at the meeting.

15.4 Member to leave the meeting

If the member continues to behave improperly or offensively or deliberately obstructs business after such a motion is carried, the chair may move that either the member leaves the meeting or that the meeting is adjourned for a specified period. If seconded, the motion will be voted on without discussion. If the motion is passed the named member must leave the meeting forthwith.

15.5 General disturbance

If there is a general disturbance making orderly business impossible, the chair may adjourn the meeting for as long as he/she thinks necessary.

16 DISTURBANCE BY PUBLIC

16.1 Removal of member of the public

If a member of the public interrupts or disrupts proceedings of a committee, the chair will warn the person concerned. If they continue to interrupt or causes disruption, the chair will order their removal from the meeting ~~room~~.

16.2 Clearance of part of meeting ~~room~~

If there is a general disturbance in any part of the meeting ~~room~~-open to the public, the chair may call for that part to be cleared.

17 COUNCILLORS ATTENDING COMMITTEES OF WHICH THEY ARE NOT MEMBERS

A Councillor may attend any meeting of a committee or sub-committee of which they are not a member and with the permission of the Chair may speak but may not vote subject to the following:

- (a) where the Councillor is required to declare an interest and withdraw from the meeting under the Code of Conduct;
- (b) where the Licensing Committee, the Disciplinary Appeals Committee or any other committee or sub-committee exercising similar jurisdiction have asked the members of the public and the parties to withdraw whilst they deliberate before reaching a decision;
- (c) where the ~~Chief Officer Legal and Democratic Services~~Director of Governance and Legal Services or his/her representative advises that as a matter of law non-members of a committee should withdraw.

18 ELECTRONIC BROADCAST AND RECORDING OF PROCEEDINGS OF COMMITTEES

- (a) Committee meetings may be webcast by the Council, in accordance with the Webcasting Protocol (contained within Part 5 of the Constitution).
- (b) Other filming, recording and use of social media is permitted during Committee meetings, provided that:
 - (i) The recording or transmission must create no disturbance, disruption or distraction to the good order and conduct of the meeting;
 - (ii) Notice has been given (on the meeting agenda and signage outside the meeting) so that everyone attending the meeting is made aware that they may be recorded and that by attending the meeting they are deemed to consent to this;
 - (iii) Any recording must be overt, not covert;
 - (iv) There is to be no recording or transmission of proceedings dealing with any exempt or confidential information;

- (v) The Chair shall have discretion, subject to proper consideration of any relevant representations and legal advice, to prohibit a recording or exclude anyone reasonably considered to be in breach of these rules; and
- (vi) The person making the recording or transmission shall be solely responsible for complying with all applicable legal obligations arising from their actions.

(c) Use of social media by members of planning, licensing or other regulatory committees is not permitted during the meeting.

19 **SUSPENSION OF COMMITTEE PROCEDURE RULES**

All or any of these are Committee Rules of Procedure except Rule 11.5 may be suspended by motion on notice or without notice if at least one half of the whole number of the Councillors are present. Suspension can only be for the duration of the meeting.

20 **APPLICATION OF COMMITTEE PROCEDURE RULES**

None of the Committee Procedure rules apply to meetings of the Cabinet or to meetings of the Council, but the rules apply to all Committees and all Sub-Committees of the Council.